

ADAPTED FROM: "GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE YORBA LINDA AND PRADO DAM QUADRANGLES (EASTERN PUENTE HILLS)"

Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernadino
and Riverside Counties, California

BY THOMAS W. DIBBLEE, JR., 2001

EDITED BY HELMUT E. EHRENSPECK

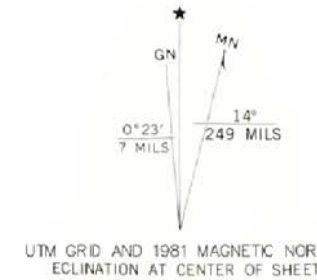
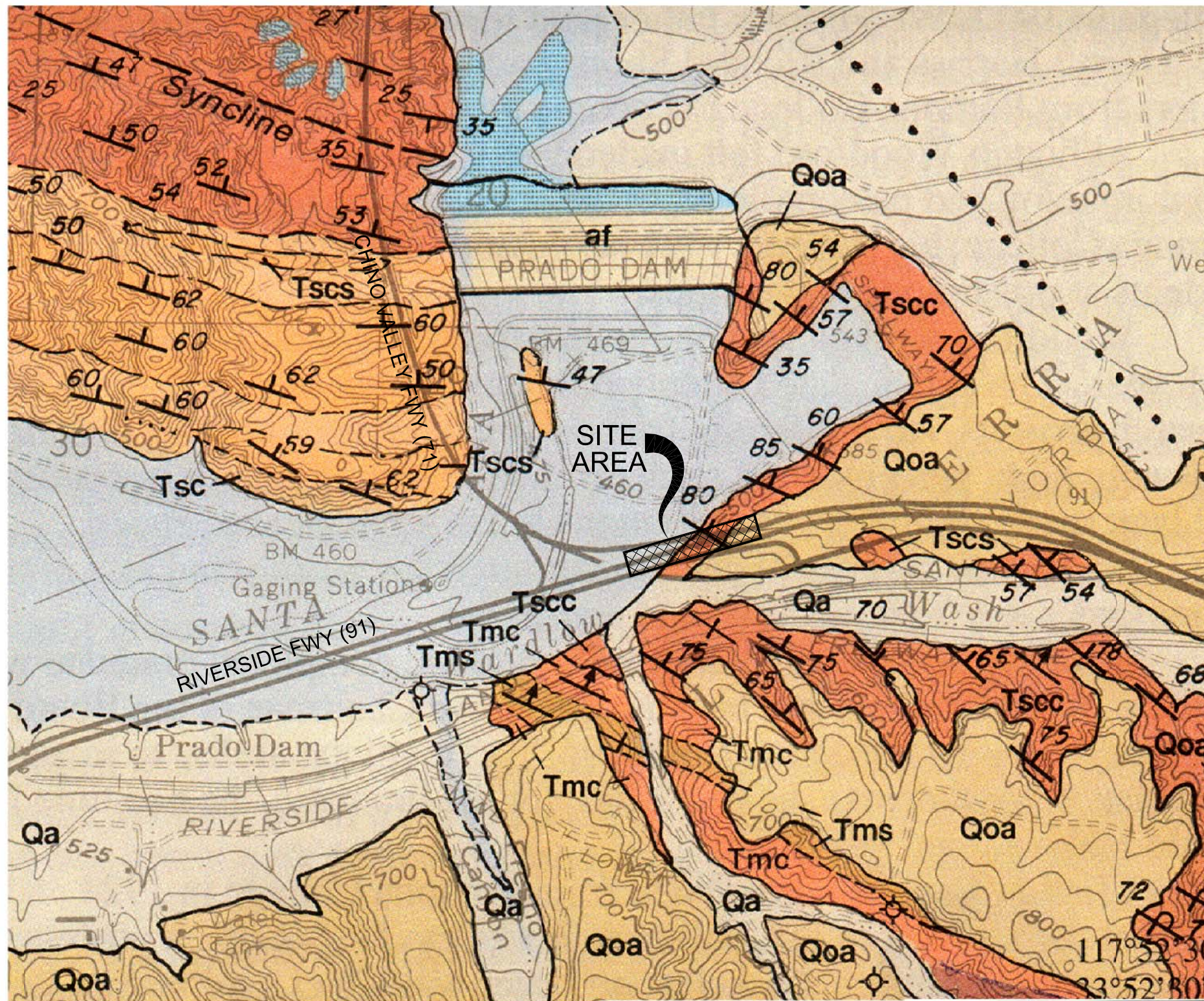
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QUADRANGLE LOCATION



YORBA LINDA AND PRADO DAM QUADRANGLES (Eastern Puente Hills) MAP DF-75 LEGEND

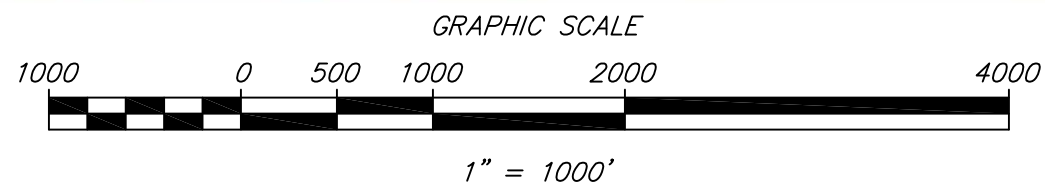
- SYCAMORE CANYON FORMATION**
(named by Daviss and Woodford, 1949, as uppermost member of Puente Formation; adopted by Durham and Yerkes, 1964, and Yerkes, 1972, in Puente Hills; equivalent to "Unnamed Shale" in Los Angeles quadrangle [Dibblee, 1989, map DF-23] and to Sisquoc Formation in Ventura basin); mostly marine clastic, moderately indurated; late Miocene age
- Tsc silty clay shale facies:** gray, micaceous, vaguely to moderately bedded, locally nodular; in places includes thin layers of fine-grained sandstone
- Tscs sandstone facies:** light gray to brown, nearly white near Prado Dam, coarse to fine-grained, arkosic, locally includes conglomerate like that of Tscscc
- Tscscc conglomerate or eastern facies:** light gray, bedded, composed of cobbles and pebbles of mostly light-colored granitic rocks and others of gray quartz diorite, gneiss, andesitic porphyries and quartzite, in arkosic sandstone matrix; may be in part nonmarine

- MONTEREY FORMATION**
(major part of Puente Fm. of Eldridge and Arnold, 1907; Daviss and Woodford, 1949; Durham and Yerkes, 1964); marine biogenic and clastic, moderately lithified; middle Miocene age, Mohnian Stage
- Tmy Yorba Shale Member:** thin-bedded, light gray, white-weathering, platy, siliceous to semi-siliceous to silty, locally includes thin layers of yellowish-gray, hard dolomite, and thin layers of fine-grained sandstone; late Mohnian Stage (Yerkes, 1972)
- Tmss Soquel Sandstone Member and facies:** mostly bedded sandstone, light gray, weathers tan, mostly medium-grained, arkosic, locally coarse and pebbly, with minor biotite; includes minor silty clay shale
- Tmcs conglomerate of granitic detritus**
- Tms unassigned shale:** similar to Tmss
- Tmlv La Vida Shale Member:** similar to Tmy, thin-bedded, cream-white weathering, platy, siliceous to semi-siliceous shale; includes some layers of hard, yellow-gray dolomite; and some thin strata of sandstone
- Tmc clay shale facies:** gray, slightly siliceous, silty to finely sandy, micaceous

SCALE MODIFIED FROM 1" = 2000' TO 1" = 1000'

"RIVERSIDE FWY (91)" AND "CHINO VALLEY FWY (71)"
HAVE BEEN SUPERIMPOSED ON THIS MAP

MAP AND CROSS-SECTION SYMBOLS		FOLDS: ANTICLINE SYNCLINE	
FORMATION CONTACT dashed where inferred or indefinite		arrow on axial trace of fold indicates direction of plunge; dotted where concealed by surficial sediments	
MEMBER CONTACT between units of a formation			
CONTACT BETWEEN SURFICIAL SEDIMENTS located only approximately in places			
FAULT: Dashed where indefinite or inferred, dotted where concealed, queried where existence is doubtful. Parallel arrows indicate inferred relative lateral movement. Relative vertical movement is shown by U/D (U=upthrown side, D=downthrown side). Short arrow indicates dip of fault plane. A/D (in cross-section) indicates movement away from or toward viewer		STRIKE AND DIP OF STRATIFIED ROCKS	
		Sandstone marker bed	
		Conglomerate marker bed	
		Shale or siltstone strata	
		landslide & direction of landslide movement	
		Volcanic tuff bed	
		Fossil locality	
		Abandoned exploratory oil/gas well	



GEOLOGIC MAP	
PLATE 1	
W.O. _____	DATE 02/09 SCALE 1"=1000'